



MUNTA: A VERIFIED MODEL CHECKER FOR TIMED AUTOMATA

SIMON WIMMER

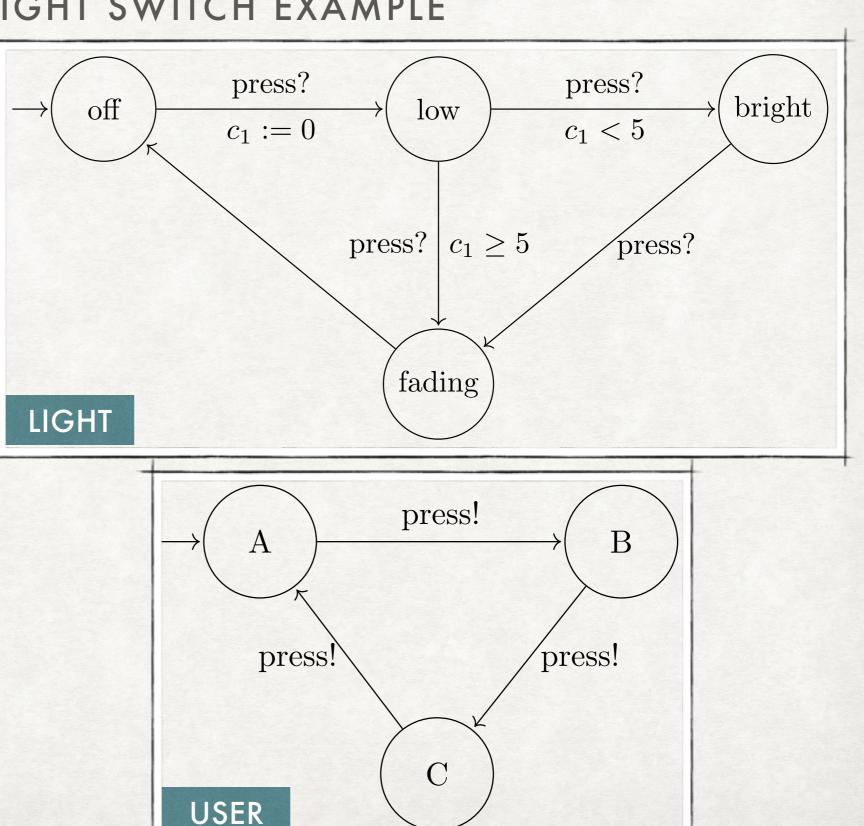
FAKULTÄT FÜR INFORMATIK, TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT MÜNCHEN

MOTIVATION

- Model checkers as trust-multipliers
- Goals for trustworthy model checkers
 - Theory should be sound and well-understood
 - Implementation of theory should be correct
- Verification with a proof assistant (Isabelle/HOL) guarantees both!
- Here: timed automata model checking

LIGHT SWITCH EXAMPLE

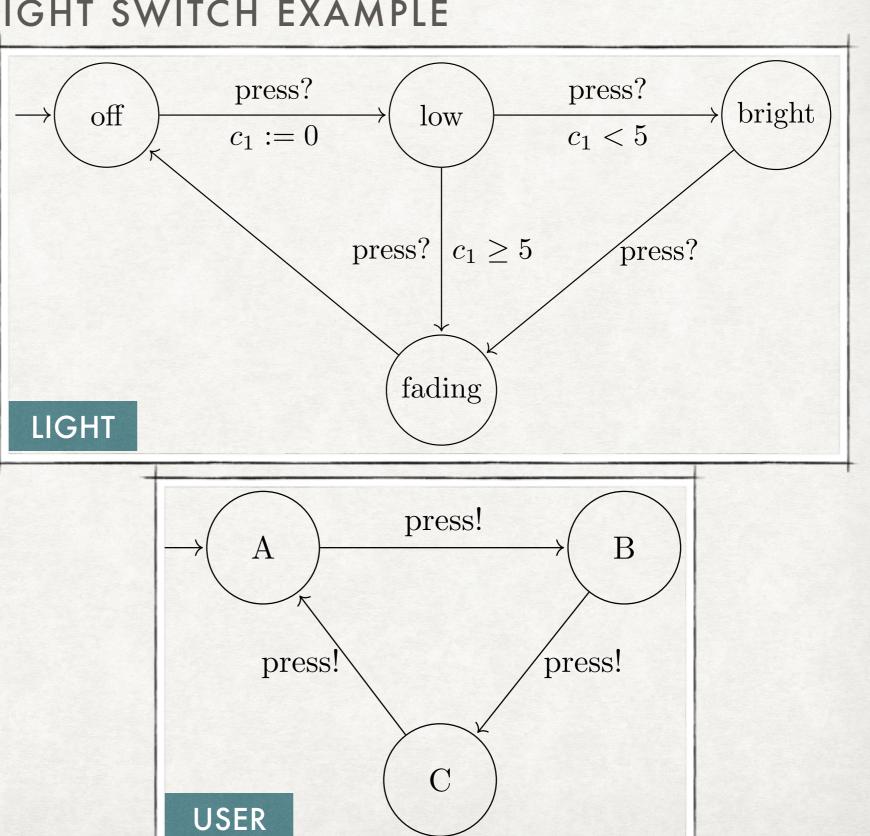
- One press: light turns low
- Two quick presses: light turns bright
- Two slow presses: light turns off



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 $\mathbf{E} \diamondsuit \ light.bright$



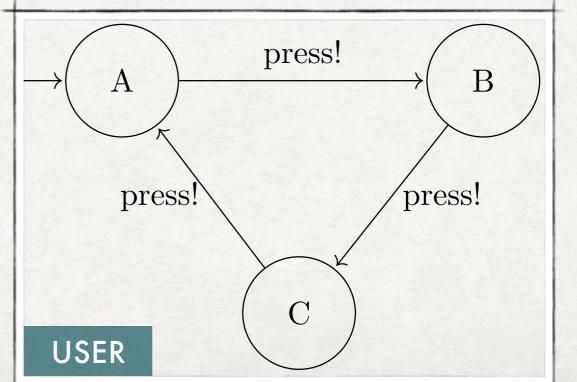
LIGHT SWITCH EXAMPLE

- One press: light turns low
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press? press? off bright low $c_1 := 0$ $c_1 < 5$ press? press? $c_1 \geq 5$ fading LIGHT

 $\mathbf{E} \lozenge \ light.bright$





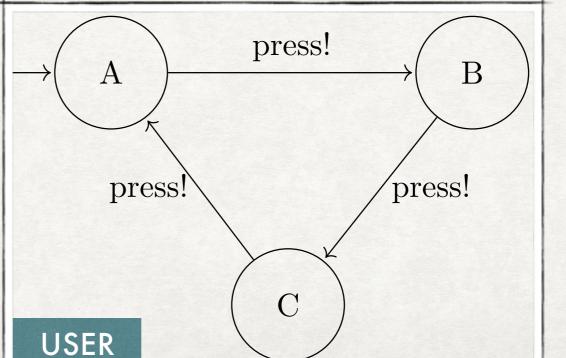
LIGHT SWITCH EXAMPLE

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off $c_1 := 0$ $c_1 < 5$ bright $c_1 < 5$ $c_1 < 5$ $c_1 < 5$ $c_2 < 5$ $c_3 < 5$ $c_4 < 5$ $c_5 < c_6$ $c_6 < c_7$ $c_7 < c_8$ $c_8 < c_9$ $c_9 < c_$

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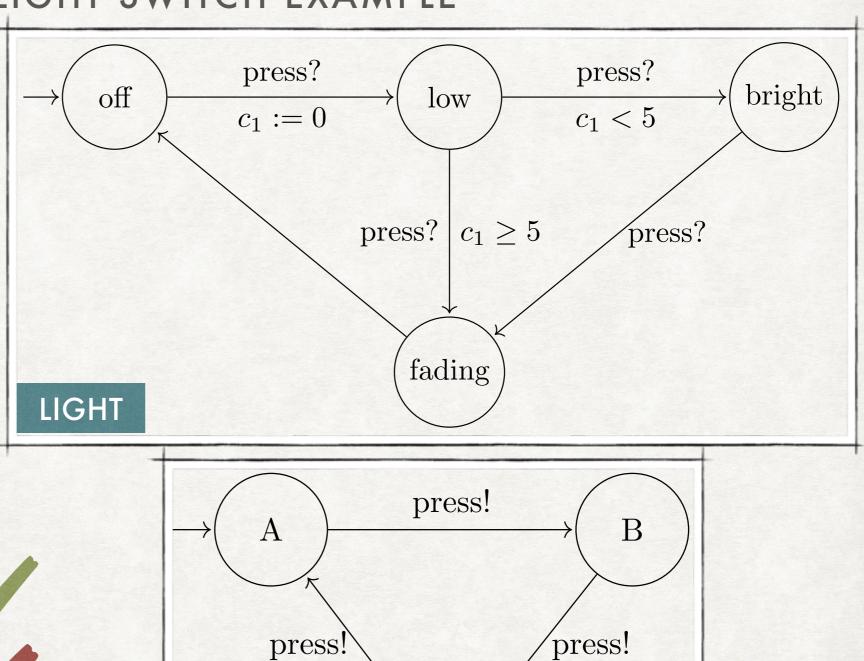




LIGHT SWITCH EXAMPLE

USER

- One press: light turns low
- Two quick presses:
 light turns bright
- Two slow presses: light turns off



C

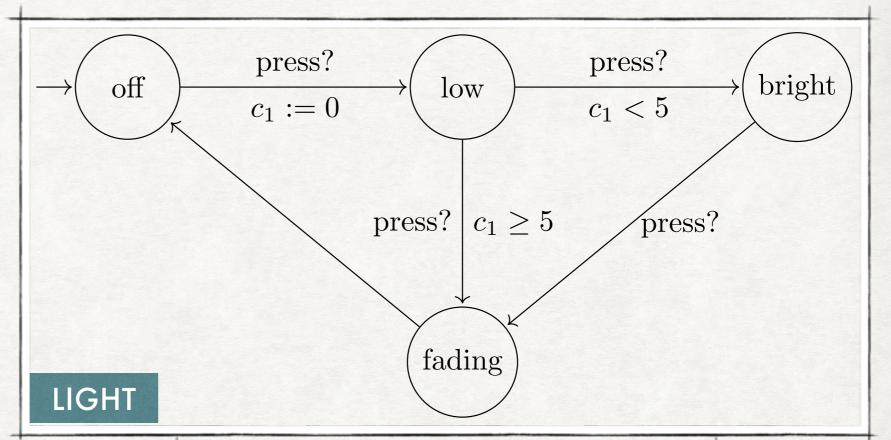
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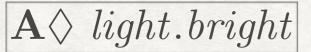


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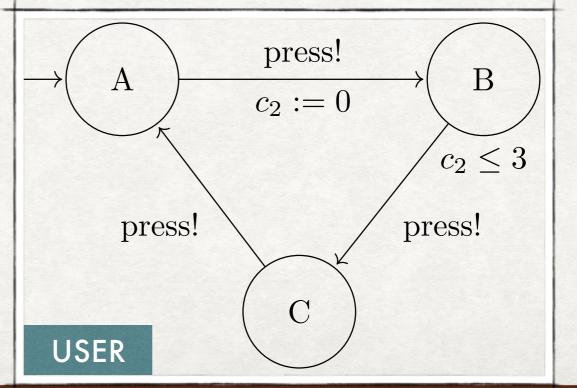
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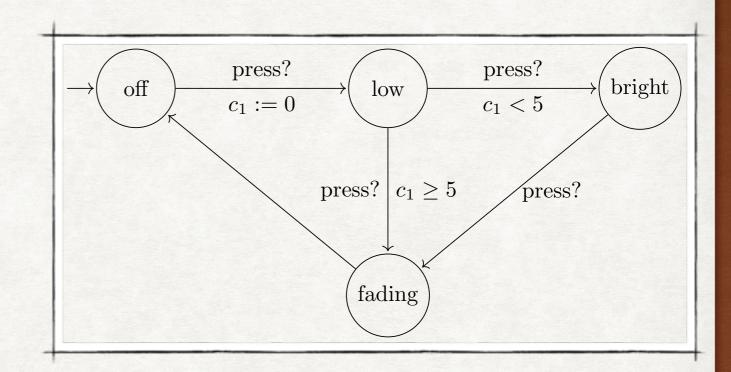


SEMANTICS

- Types of transitions:
 delay and action
- Clock valuations: $\mathbb{N} \Rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ \rightarrow Infinite Semantics
- Clock constraints:

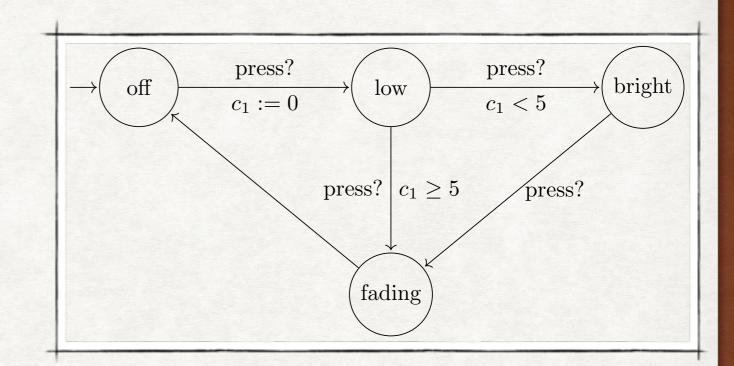
$$(\cdot \mapsto 1) \vdash c_1 > 0 \land c_2 \le 3$$

→ Invariants on nodes and guards on edges



MODEL CHECKING

- Clock valuations: $\mathbb{N} \Rightarrow \mathbb{R}$
 - → Infinite Semantics
- Concrete states (I, u) to abstract states (I, Z)
 - node /
 - clock valuation $u: \mathbb{N} \Rightarrow \mathbb{R}$
 - Z a set of clock valuations (zone): $P(\mathbb{N} \Rightarrow \mathbb{R})$
- Symbolic computation: zones as clock constraints
 - → Difference Bound Matrices (DBMs)



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- Provide verified reference implementation for TA MC
 - Not meant to replace existing MCs
 - Rather allow validation of existing MCs against it
 - Experimentation platform

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- Provide verified reference implementation for TA MC
 - Not meant to replace existing MCs
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 - Experimentation platform
- Thus we need:
 - Acceptable performance
 - A practical modeling formalism

AGENDA

FEATURES
CORRECTNESS CLAIM
ARCHITECTURE
EXPERIMENTS
FUTURE WORK

MODELING LANGUAGE WHAT CAN WE MODEL?

MHAT CAN WE WODELS

• TA networks w/ sync. over channels incl. broadcast channels

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 - Set of integer variables
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- Urgent and committed locations
- Restrictions: diagonal free TA & clock updates to 0
- Formalized semantics: ~150 lines of Isabelle text

MODEL CHECKING CAPABILITIES WHAT CAN WE CHECK?

- Input format: JSON
 - Easy data exchange and parsing
 - No templating: to improve inter-operability

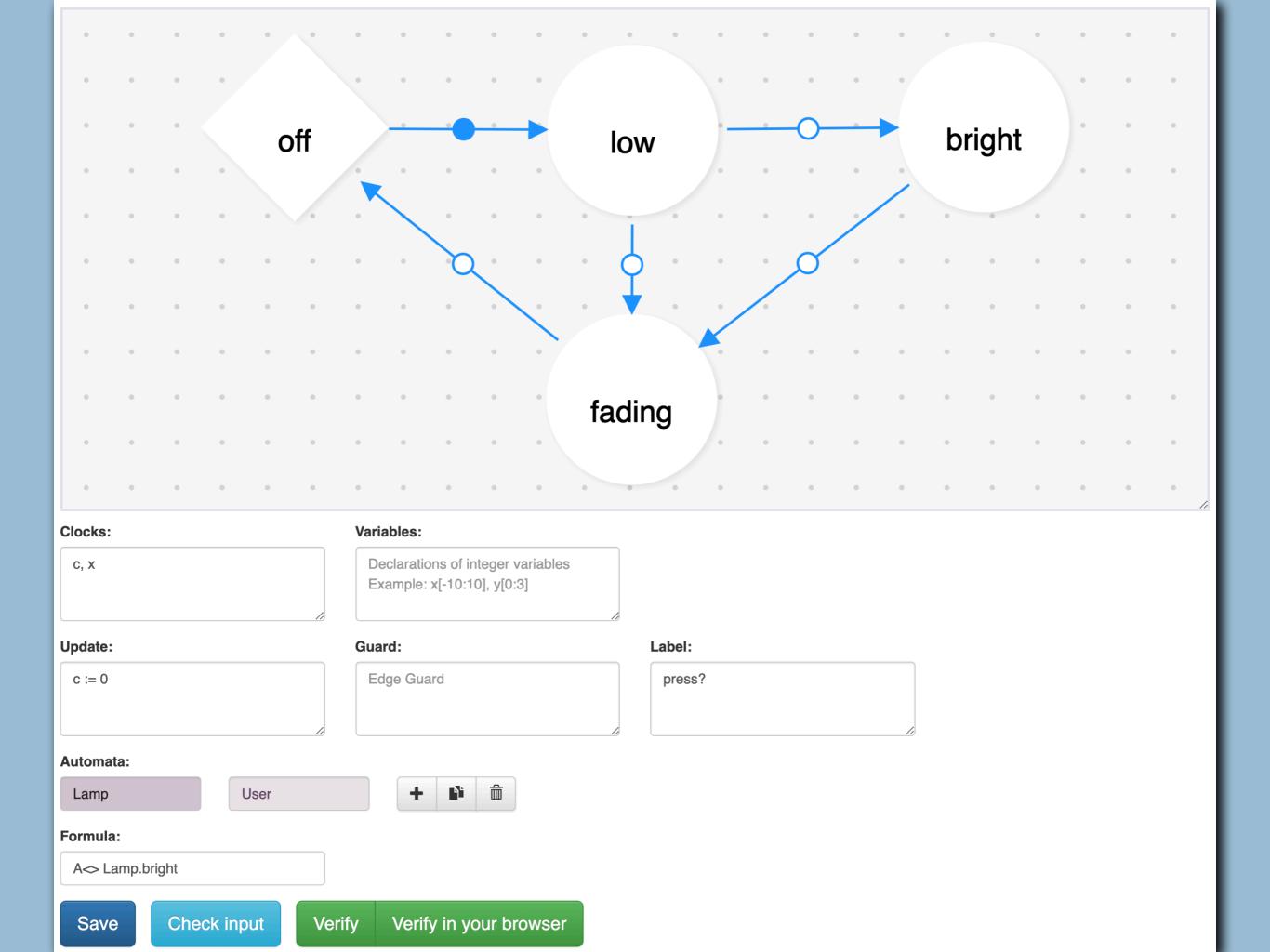
- Input format: JSON
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- CTL subset corresponding to TCTL subset supported by UPPAAL $\mathbf{E}\lozenge, \mathbf{A}\lozenge, \mathbf{E}\square, \mathbf{A}\square, --\rightarrow$

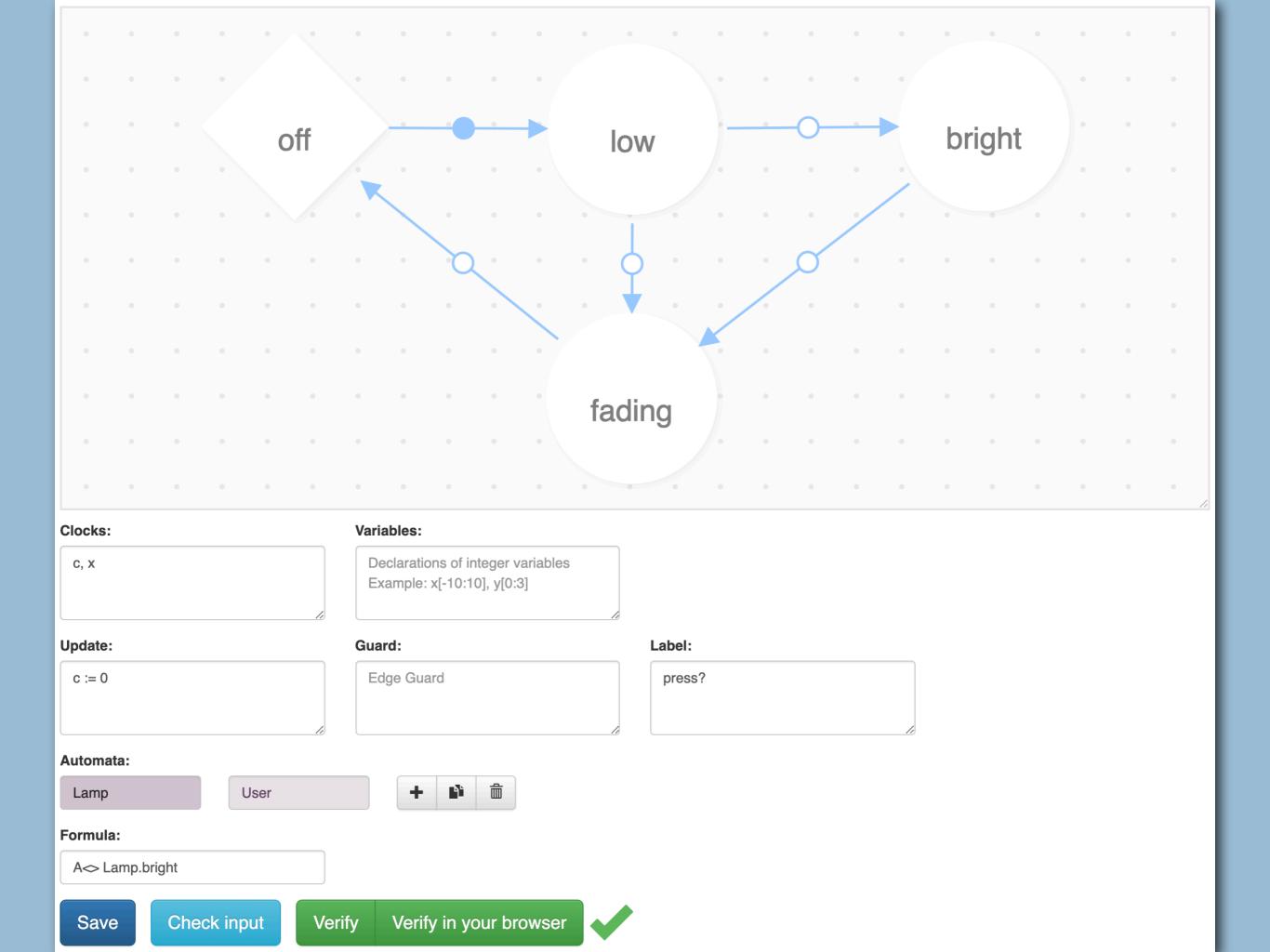
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- Deadlock checking
- Report full set of reachable states
- Graphical user interface (experimental): in the browser





MAKING IT ACCESSIBLE

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Programmed in ReasonML: runs in the browser

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- Interfacing with Munta
 - Model checking in the browser
 - · Verification queries sent to local (primitive) verification server
- Consistency of graphical model and verified model
 - Parse-print-parse loop to produce input JSON
 - Possibility to manually inspect input JSON

CORRECTNESS CLAIM

ISABELLE/HOL HOW DO WE VERIFY?

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 - Any valid theorem has to pass through a small logical core
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- Generic: many object logics supported
- Isabelle/HOL: most prominent object logic
 Higher Order Logic: functional programming + math

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 - Any valid theorem has to pass through a small logical core
 - Tactics: bigger proofs from primitive logical inferences
- Generic: many object logics supported
- Isabelle/HOL: most prominent object logic
 Higher Order Logic: functional programming + math
- Isar: structured proof language for human-readable proofs
- Powerful automation: e.g. term rewriting and external ATPs

WHAT DO WE PROVE?

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SEPARATION LOGIC HOARE TRIPLE IN IMPERATIVE HOL

WHAT DO WE PROVE?

MHAT DO WE PROVE?

SUCCESS

FAILURE

MHAT DO WE PROVE?

SUCCESS

```
 \{emp\} \\ precond\_mc \ p \ m \ k \ max\_steps \ I \ T \ prog \ formula \ bounds \ P \ s_0 \\ \{\lambda Some \ r \Rightarrow valid\_input \ p \ m \ max\_steps \ I \ T \ prog \ bounds \ P \ s_0 \ na \ k \ \land \\ (\neg \ deadlock \ (conv \ N) \ (init, s_0, u_0) \Longrightarrow \\ r = conv \ N, (init, s_0, u_0) \vDash_{max\_steps} formula) \\ |\ None \Rightarrow \neg \ valid\_input \ p \ m \ max\_steps \ I \ T \ prog \ bounds \ P \ s_0 \ na \ k \}
```

FAILURE

IS INPUT VALID AND WITHIN THE SUPPORTED FRAGMENT?

MHAT DO WE PROVES

NO DEADLOCK

SUCCESS

SAT/UNSAT?

FAILURE

IS INPUT VALID AND WITHIN THE SUPPORTED FRAGMENT?

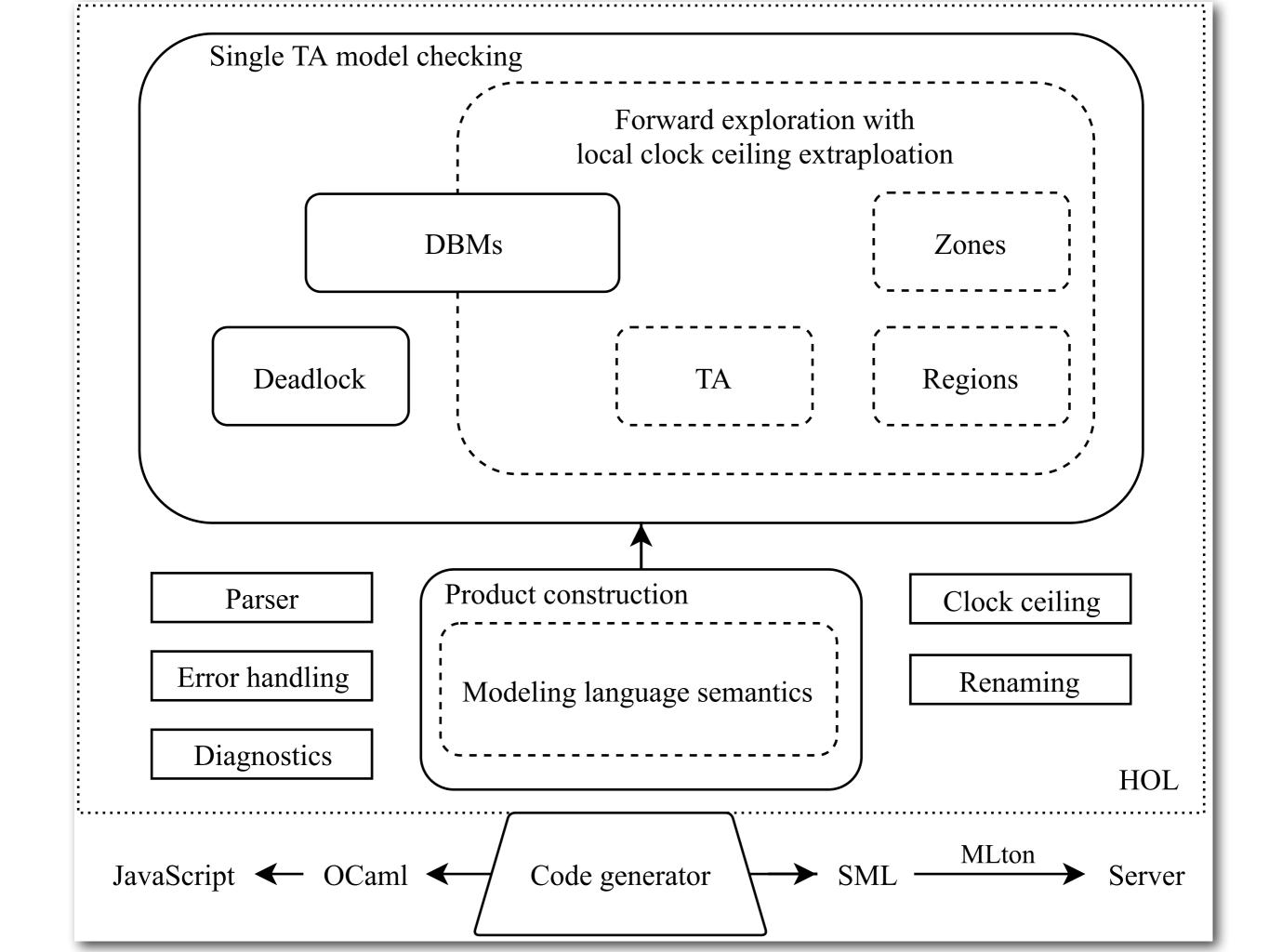
- Formalization of the Modeling Language Semantics
- Formalization of Imperative HOL and its corresponding separation logic
- Isabelle/HOL's logical kernel
- Isabelle/HOL's code generator
- The target language's compiler and runtime system

- Formalization of the Modeling Language Semantics MANUAL INSPECTION
- Formalization of Imperative HOL and its corresponding separation logic
- Isabelle/HOL's logical kernel → generally assumed to be correct
- Isabelle/HOL's code generator
- The target language's compiler and runtime system

- Formalization of the Modeling Language Semantics
- Formalization of Imperative HOL and its corresponding separation logic
- Isabelle/HOL's logical kernel
- Isabelle/HOL's code generator → Hupel & Nipkow 2018
- The target language's compiler and runtime system → CakeML

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- Isabelle/HOL's logical kernel
- Isabelle/HOL's code generator → Hupel & Nipkow 2018
- The target language's compiler and runtime system → CakeML
- CakeML: dialect of ML with a verified compiler and runtime system
- Hupel & Nipkow 2018: provably correct code extraction from HOL to CakeML

ARCHITECTURE



PRODUCT CONSTRUCTION

TRUSTED HOL CODE MODELING LANGUAGE SEMANTICS CERTIFIED
HOL
CODE

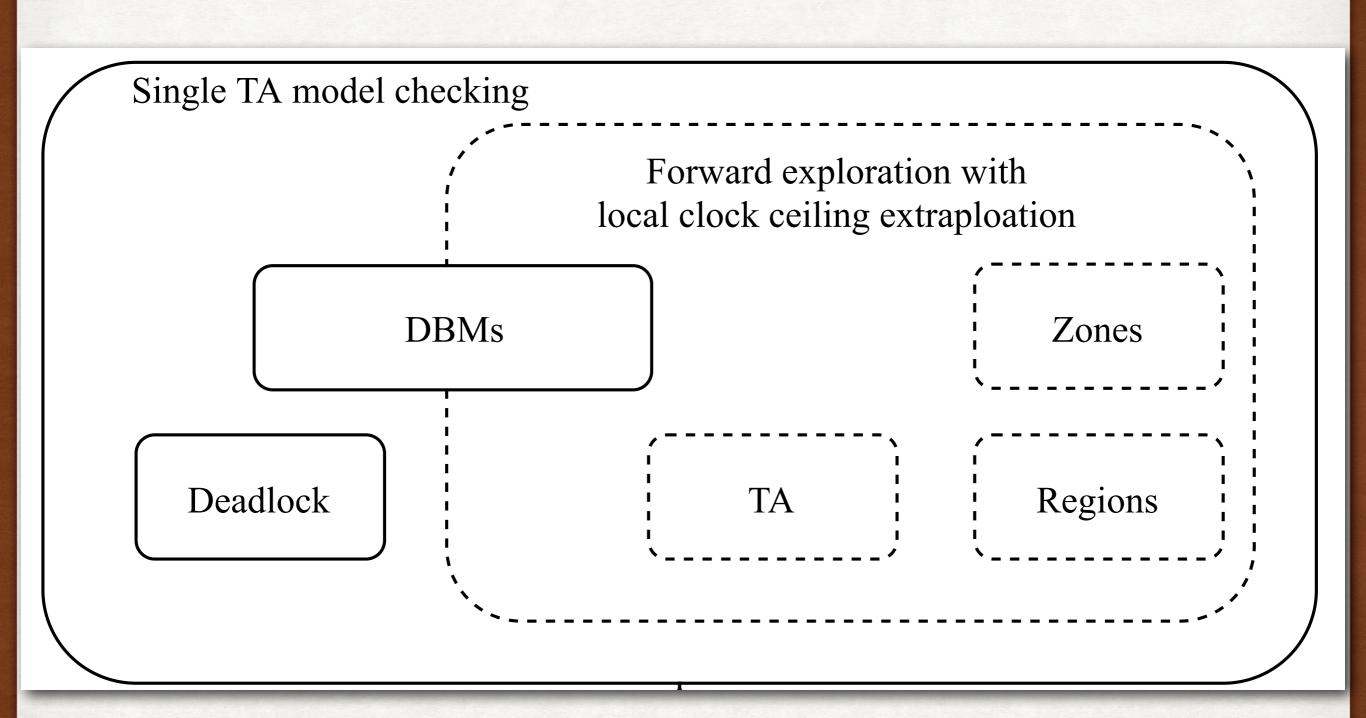
PRODUCT CONSTRUCTION

TRUSTED HOL CODE MODELING LANGUAGE SEMANTICS CERTIFIED HOL CODE

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SINGLE TA MODEL CHECKING



EFFICIENT IMPLEMENTATIONS

- Efficient Algorithms
 - DBMs as imperative arrays with destructive updates
 - Search algorithms with subsumption
- Expressive modelling language
 - Efficient on-the-fly product construction

EFFICIENT IMPLEMENTATIONS

- Efficient Algorithms → Refinement
 - DBMs as imperative arrays with destructive updates Imperative Refinement Framework: abstract functional impl. → efficient imperative impl.
 - Search algorithms with subsumption Stepwise refinement
- Expressive modelling language
 - Efficient on-the-fly product construction
 Refinement

PRODUCT CONSTRUCTION

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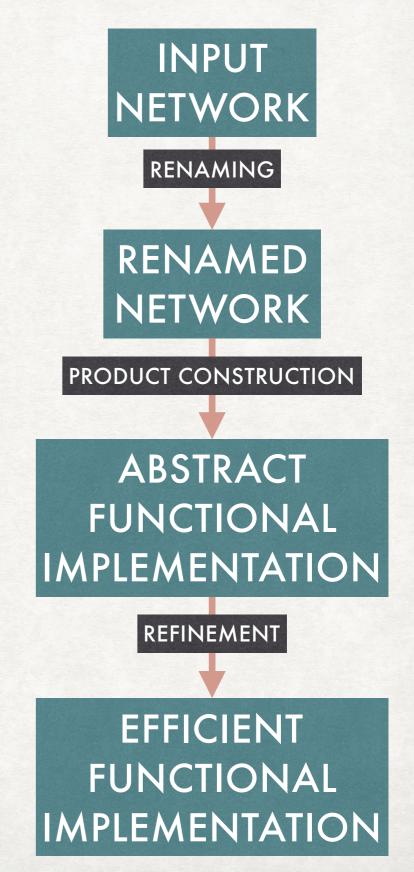
TRUSTED HOL CODE PRODUCT CONSTRUCTION

MODELING LANGUAGE SEMANTICS

CERTIFIED HOL CODE

PRODUCT CONSTRUCTION

- From networks to single TA MC
 - Shared bounded integer variables
 - Networks with sync. over channels
- Retains ability to do MC on the fly
 - Result: transitions and invariants as functional programs



HOW CAN WE BUILD A

PRODUCT CONSTRUCTION

TRUSTED HOL CODE MODELING LANGUAGE SEMANTICS CERTIFIED HOL CODE

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HOL
CODE

CODE EXTRACTION CONSTRUCTING A REAL TOOL

- Code generator: HOL specification of Munta → SML & OCaml
- Target languages
 - SML: fast executables with MLton
 - OCaml: compilation to JS via BuckleScript

PRODUCT CONSTRUCTION

TRUSTED HOL CODE MODELING LANGUAGE SEMANTICS CERTIFIED HOL CODE

TRUSTED HOL CODE CONSTRUCTING A REAL TOOL

- Missing: parsing, error handling, diagnostics
 → not verified & implemented in directly in HOL
- Considered non-critical: error handling, diagnostics
- Correctness of parser: check parse-print-parse loop

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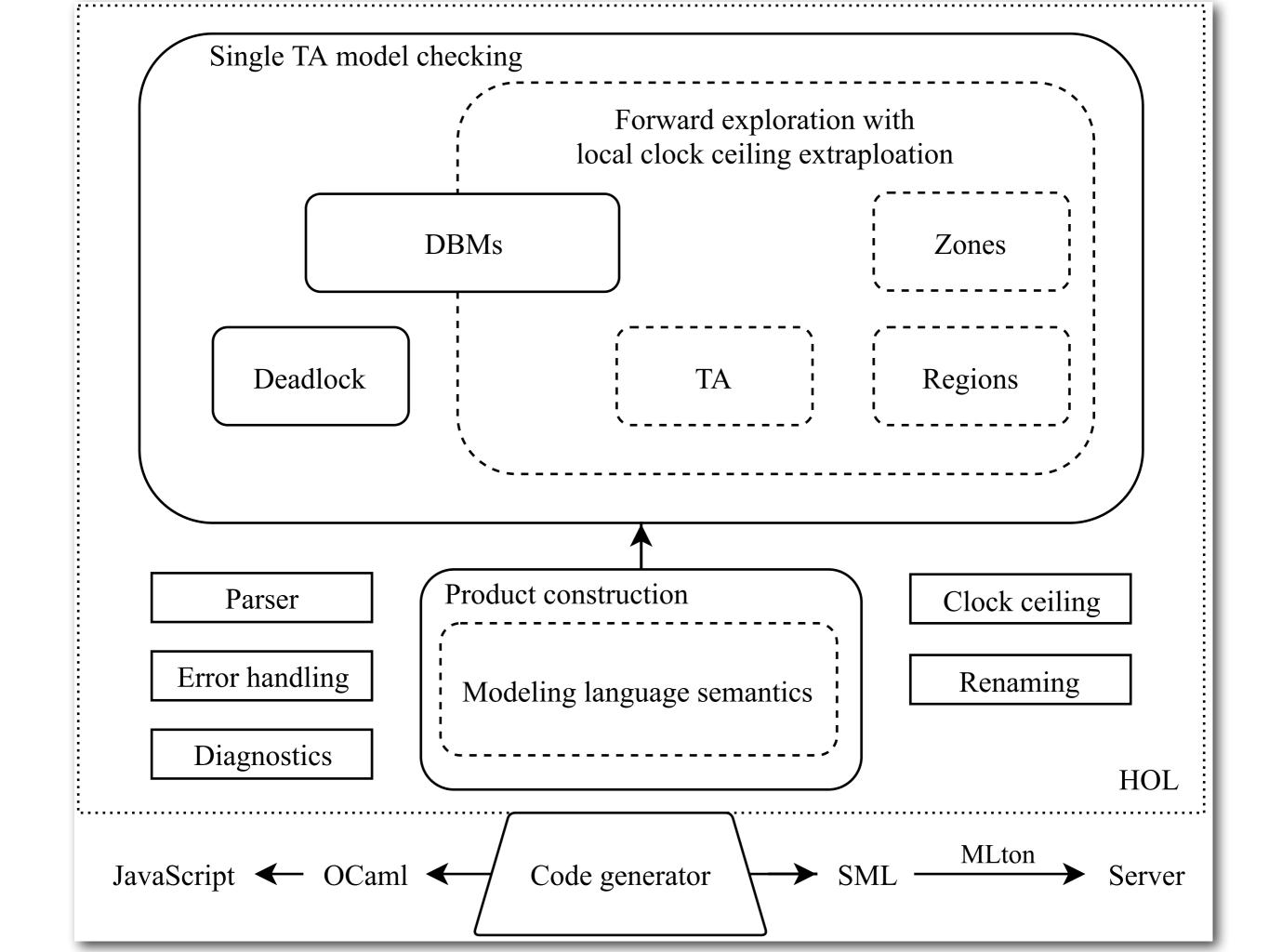
CERTIFIED HOL CODE CONSTRUCTING A REAL TOOL

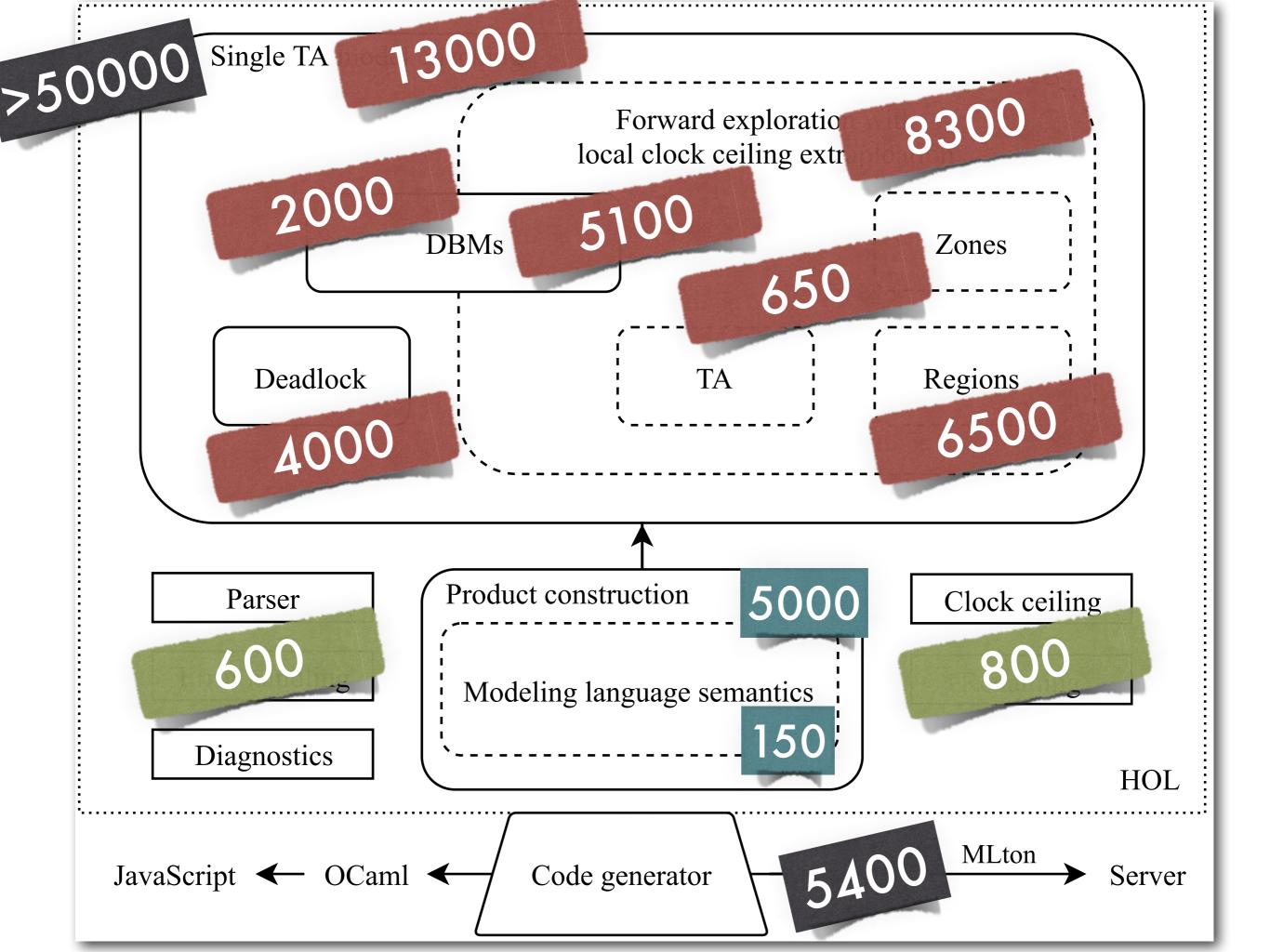
- · Certified:
 - Algorithms not verified but implemented in HOL
 - Results checked for soundness via verified HOL code
- Model relabeling
- Computation of local clock ceilings

EXPERIMENTS

				Our Tool			UPPAAL		Ratio	
Model	Prop	SAT	Size	#states	$time_1$	$time_2$	#states	time	\mathbf{TR}_1	\mathbf{TR}_2
Fischer	R	N	5	38578	6,93	2,14	3739	0,062	10,83	3,35
	L	Y	5	42439	7,87	2,24	8149	0,112	13,49	3,84
		Y	6	697612	373	132	67325	1,94	18,56	6,57
FDDI	R	N	8	6720	35,1	8,92	5416	0,789	35,85	9,11
		N	10	29759	173	33,2	24120	6,64	21,12	4,05
	L	Y	6	2083	9,38	2,69	2439	0,159	69,08	19,81
		Y	7	3737	18,1	5,74	4944	0,406	58,98	18,70
CSMA/CD	R	N	5	9959	5,29	1,18	2769	0,102	14,42	3,22
		N	6	81463	72	15,6	17939	2,18	7,27	1,58
	L	Y	5	11526	5,81	1,28	3867	0,091	21,33	4,70
		Y	6	96207	76,4	16,6	23454	2,13	8,74	1,90

throughput = #states/time





FUTURE

- Reduce trusted code base: CakeML
- Improve performance: verification w.r.t. C or LLVM
- Can we certify model checking results efficiently?
 TA MC uses subsumption: final invariant may be much smaller than total number of explored states
- Extensions: Probabilistic Timed Automata, LTL model checking, input formalism





THANKYOU! QUESTIONS?



wimmers.github.io/munta